Report No: P WMA 19/G10/00/2413/6



Department of Water Affairs Directorate: Options Analysis

PRE-FEASIBILITY AND FEASIBILITY STUDIES FOR AUGMENTATION OF THE WESTERN CAPE WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM BY MEANS OF FURTHER SURFACE WATER DEVELOPMENTS

REPORT No.3 – VOLUME 2 Breede-Berg (Michell's Pass) Water Transfer Scheme

APPENDIX No.5

Scheme Operation and Yield Analyses with Ecological Flow Requirements for the Breede-Berg (Michell's Pass) Water Transfer Scheme



December 2012

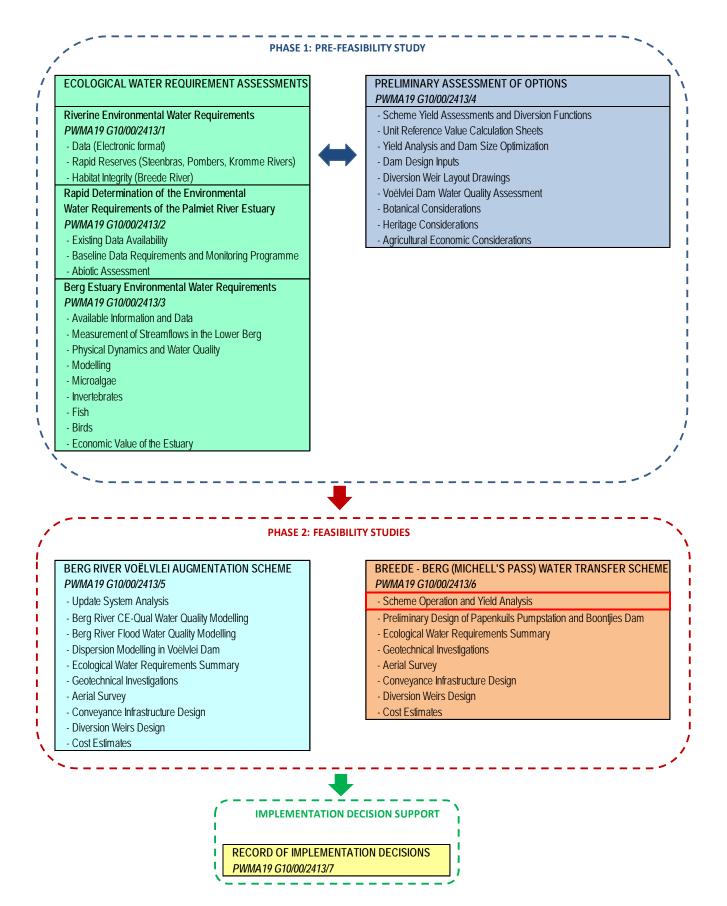
STUDY REPORT LIST

REPORT No	REPORT TITLE	VOLUME No.	DWA REPORT No.	VOLUME TITLE	
		Vol 1	PWMA19 G10/00/2413/1	Riverine Environmental Water Requirements	
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				Appendix 2: EWR data for the Palmiet River	
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	ECOLOGICAL	Vol 2	PWMA19 G10/00/2413/2	Rapid Determination of the Environmental Water Requirements of the Palmiet River Estuary	
				Appendix A: Summary of data available for the RDM investigations undertaken during 2007 and 2008	
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1	WATER REQUIREMENT			Appendix C: Abiotic Specialist Report	
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	PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT OF OPTIONS		PWMA19 G10/00/2413/4	Appendix 1: Scheme Yield Assessments and Diversion Functions	
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				Appendix 1: Updating of the Western Cape Water Supply System Analysis for the Berg River-Voëlvlei Augmentation Scheme	
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	FEASIBILITY STUDIES	Vol 2	PWMA19 G10/00/2413/6	Breede-Berg (Michell's Pass) Water Transfer Scheme	
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1. **INTRODUCTION**

The Yield Model of the Breede River was utilised to assess the impacts of the proposed Michells Pass Scheme on the flows at the IFR sites downstream. The model was also utilised to determine the capacity and the operating rules for upgrading the pumps at Papenkuils to reinstate the existing yield and if possible to comply with the flow requirements of the Preliminary Reserve.

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The Papenkuils pump station is currently operated in a step-wise manner. When the stream flow downstream of the pump station reaches 5 m^3 /s an additional 2.5 m^3 /s pump is switched on until the pump station is operating at full capacity. This allows minimum flows of between 2.5 m^3 /s and 5 m^3 /s to bypass the pump station. If the abstraction at Michell's Pass is increased to 5 m^3 /s then the stream flows at Papenkuils further downstream would decrease. This reduction would in turn reduce the volume that could be pumped into the Brandvlei Dam.

It was determined that if the capacity of the Papenkuils pump station capacity is increased from $7m^3/s$ to 26 m³/s after the proposed BBTS is constructed then the present day yield of Brandvlei Dam would be reinstated and the low flow component of the EWR at Le Chasseur, which is currently met, would also be provided.

This Appendix compares the natural and present day flows with the future flows with the 5 m³/s BBTS and a 20 m³/s pumping capacity at Papenkuils not the 26 m³/s capacity which is now recommended.

2. COMPARISON OF MONTHLY FLOW DURATION CURVES AND THE RESERVES

Figure 1 shows the sites on the Breede River for which the present day and future stream flow sequences with the 5 m³/s BBTS scheme and the 20 m³/s Papenkuils Pump Station were compared using flow duration plots. The present day flow sequences take account of the existing Artois Canal diversions and the operation of the 7 m³/s pumps at Papenkuils. The future flow sequences assume that the BBTS would have a capacity of 5 m³/s, that the Boontjies River Dam would be constructed and that the present day summer flows upstream of H1006 would be released downstream. It was assumed that the capacity of the Papenkuils Pump Station would be increased to 20 m³/s.

The monthly flow duration curves prepared for each site are listed in **Table 1** which also lists the **Figure** numbers that are grouped in twos as follows:

- The First Figure shows the Natural Flow (red), Total EWR (green) and Present Day MAR (blue)
- The <u>Second Figure</u> shows the *Total EWR (red)* ((green) in First), <u>Present Day MAR (green)</u> ((blue) in First) and Future BBTS and Papenkuils (blue)

The Figures show the following:

- **Figure A2** shows that downstream of the Michell's Pass Diversion the Class D Reserve would be met except during February and March.
- **Figure B2** shows that the future flows at Le Chasseur would be similar to the present day flows with significant excesses to the Class C/D Reserve during the summer months on account of the elevated irrigation releases and shortfalls in the winter months.
- Figure C2 indicates that the future and present day flows upstream of the Riviersonderend Confluence would also be similar with no summer excesses to the Class C Reserve which would be met except during 3 months of the year.
- **Figure D2** shows that there would be significant shortfalls in the Class B/C Reserve for the reach immediately upstream of the Estuary.

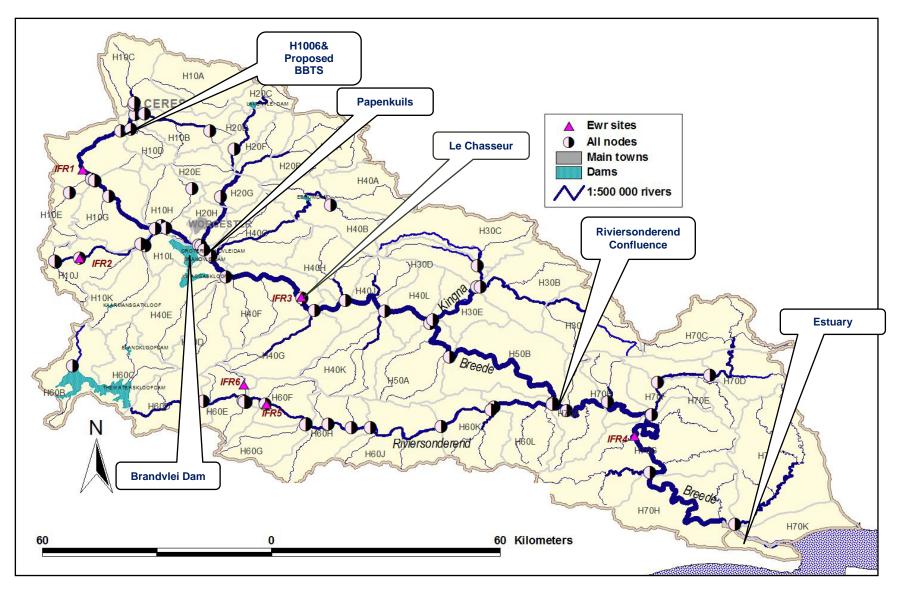


Figure A: Breede River System and Sites where Flow Duration Curves Are Compared

Table 1: Summary of Stream flows sequences compared using flow duration plots for each month

Site	Code	Natural	Total EWR	EWR baseflows	Present-day	Future (5m ³ /s Mitchells Pass diversion plus 20 m ³ /s Papenkuils pump station into Brandvlei)	Figure
d/s Mitchells pass	vi3	✔(red)	✔(green)		√(blue)		Figure A1
uys Mitchells pass			√(red)		√(green)	√(blue)	Figure A2
La Chassaur		✔(red)	√(green)		√(blue)		Figure B1
Le Chasseur	vii8		√(red)		√(green)	✓(blue)	Figure B2
u/s Breede		√(red)	√(green)		√(blue)		Figure C1
confluence	i2		√(red)		√(green)	r∕(blue)	Figure C2
	iii4	✔(red)	√(green)		√(blue)		Figure D1
u/s Estuary			√(red)		√(green)	✔(blue)	Figure D2
Estuaria	Est -	√(red)	√(green)		√(blue)		Figure E1
Estuary			√(red)		√(green)	r∕(blue)	Figure E2

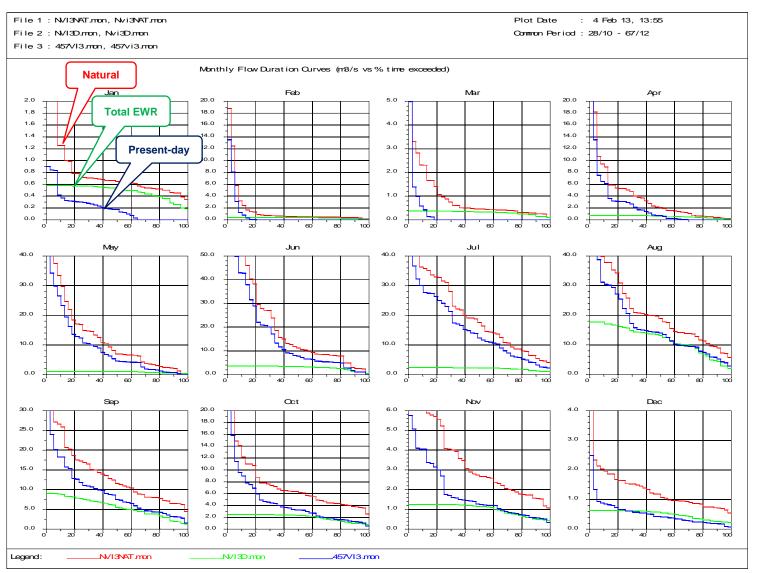
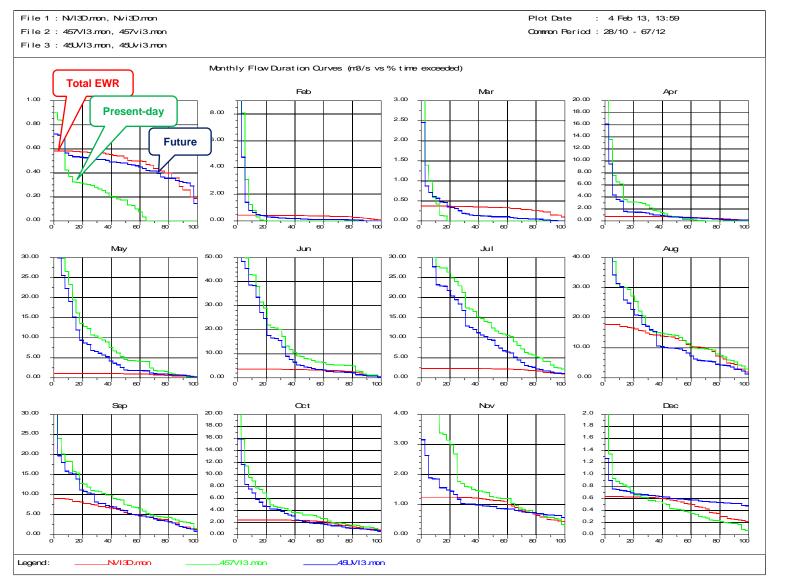


Figure A1: Monthly Flow Duration Plots immediately downstream of Michell's Pass (current)





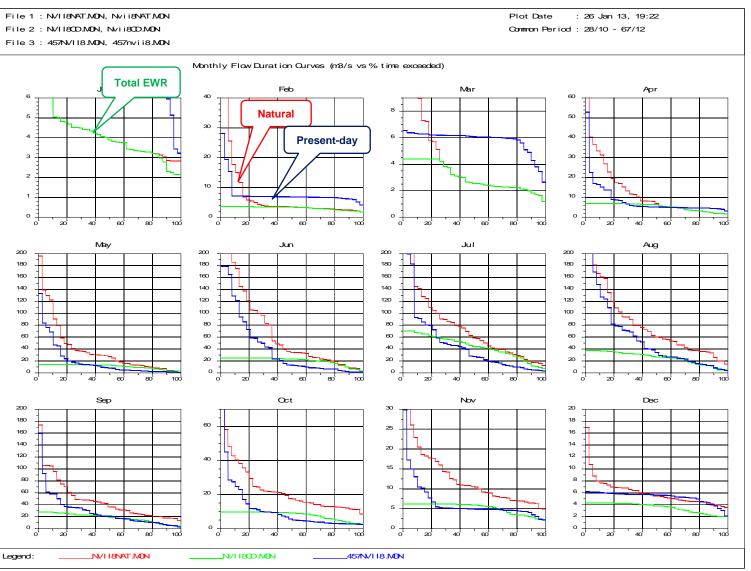


Figure B1:Monthly Flow Duration Plots at Le Chasseur (current)

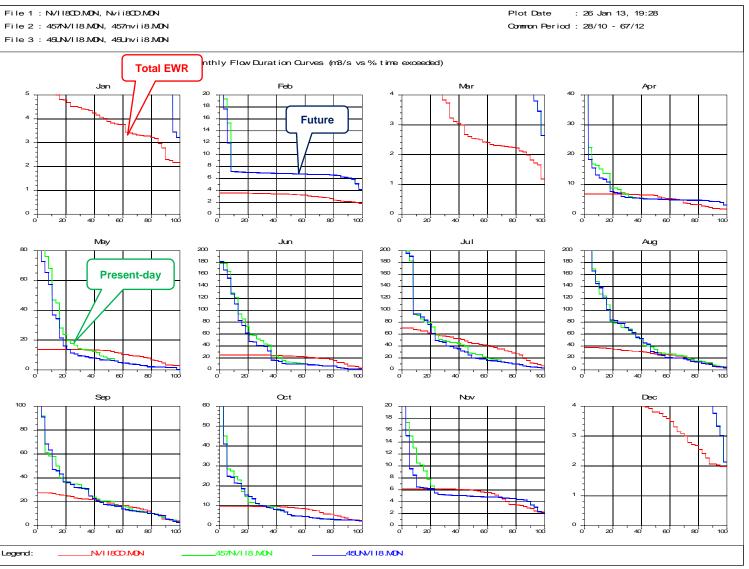


Figure B2: Monthly Flow Duration Plots at Le Chasseur (with BBTS and augmented Papenkuils)

File 1 : NI2NAT.MON, Ni2NAT.MON Plot Date : 26 Jan 13, 19:25 File 2 : NI2C.MON, Ni2C.MON Common Period : 28/10 - 67/12 File 3: 457NI2.MON, 457Ni2.MON Monthly Flow Duration Ourves (m8/s vs% time exceeded) Natural Feb Mar Apr ഞ Present-day **Total EWR** -o o α e May Jun Jul Aug п ^ل ണ് റ് e ണ ണ് റ് ണ് an Oct Dec Sep Nov o \sim ങ NI2NAT.MON _457NI2.MON Legend:

Figure C1: Monthly Flow Duration Plots Upstream of Breede/Riviersonderend Confluence (current)

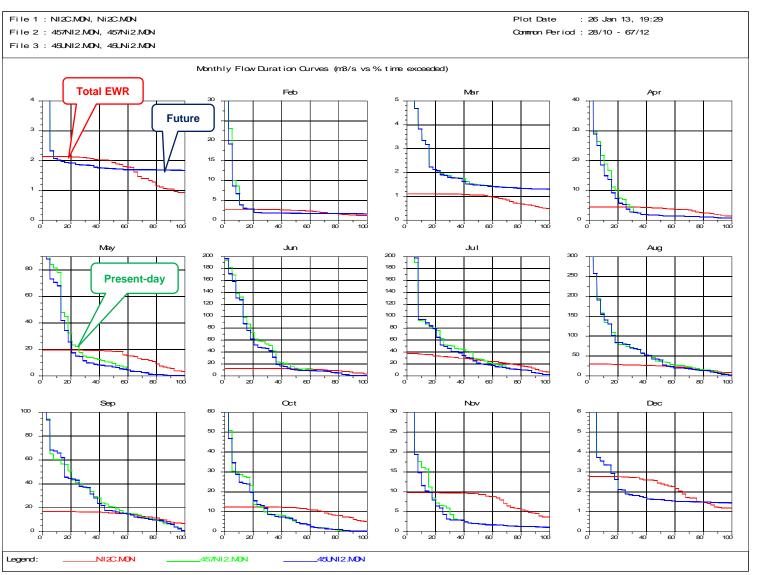


Figure C2: Monthly Flow Duration Plots Upstream of Breede/Riviersonderend Confluence (with BBTS and augmented Papenkuils)

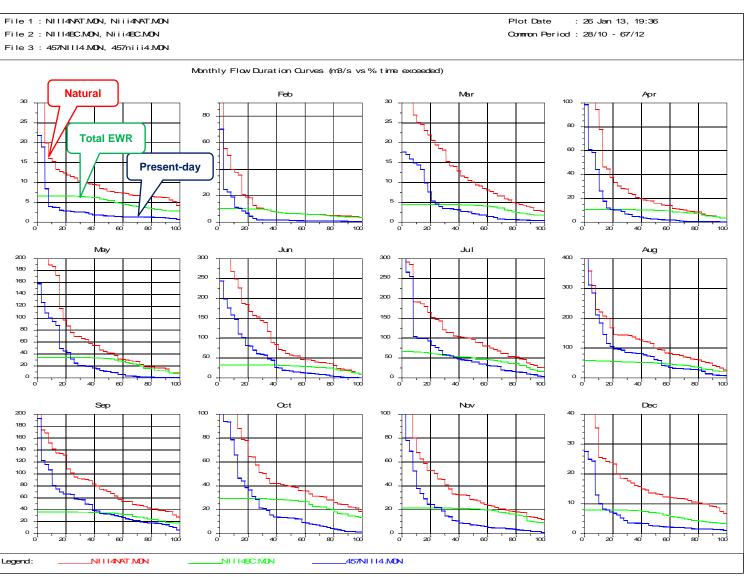


Figure D1: Monthly Flow Duration Plots Upstream of Breede River Estuary (current)

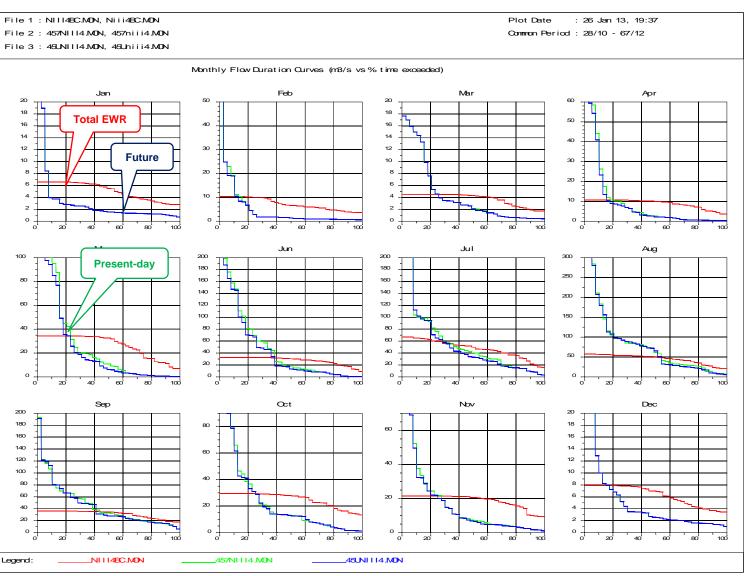


Figure D2: Monthly Flow Duration Plots Upstream of Breede River Estuary (with BBTS and Augmented Papenkuils)

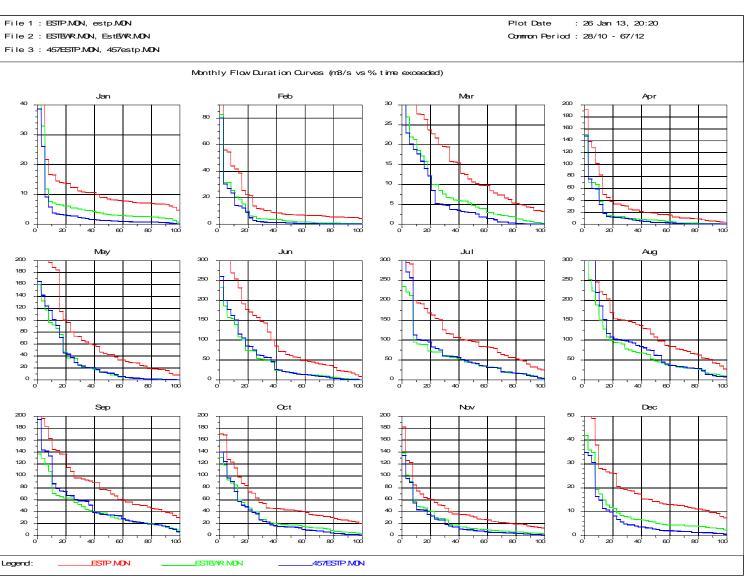
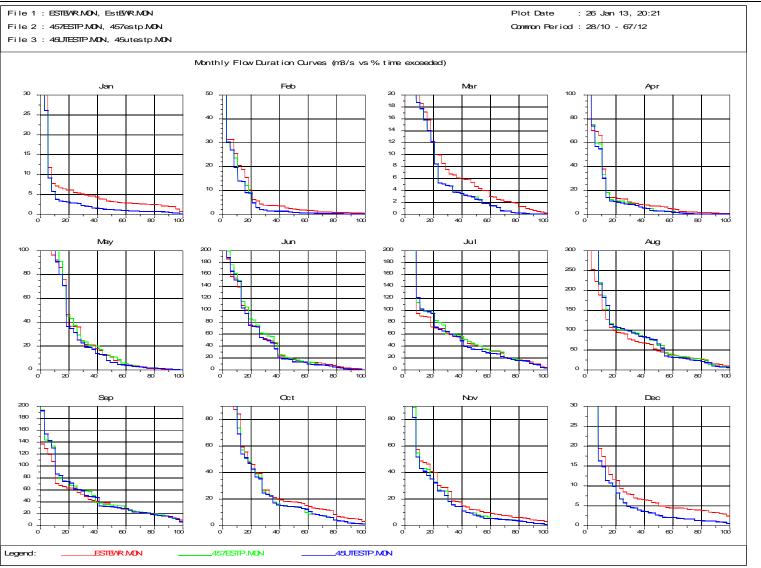


Figure E1: Monthly Flow Duration Plots at Breede River Estuary (current)

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Monthly Flow Duration Plots at Breede River Estuary (with BBTS and Augmented Papenkuils)

Dec 2012

Figures A3, B3, C3, D3 and E3 compare the flow annual duration curves with the Reserve requirements at the same sites.as described above. These curves show more clearly than the monthly duration curves how the flows with the 5 m³/s diversion at Michell's Pass and 20 m³/s pumping capacity at Papenkuils comply with the Reserves on an annual basis:

- Figure A3 shows that downstream of the proposed Michell's Pass diversion the Class D Reserve would be met for 85% of the time.
- **Figure B3** indicates that there would be a slight shortfall in the high Class C/D Reserve at Le Chasseur for about 40% of the time when the higher flows would be lower than the present day flows, however the low flows would exceed the Reserve requirements as do the present day flows.
- **Figure C3** shows a moderate shortfall in the Class C Reserve upstream of the Riviersonderend confluence for about 50% of the time.
- **Figure D3** indicates that the low flow component of the B/C Reserve upstream of the Estuary is currently not met for about 75% of the time and that the proposed interventions would result in a slight deterioration.
- Figure E3 indicates that the circumstances at the Estuary would be similar to those for the river immediately upstream of the Estuary.

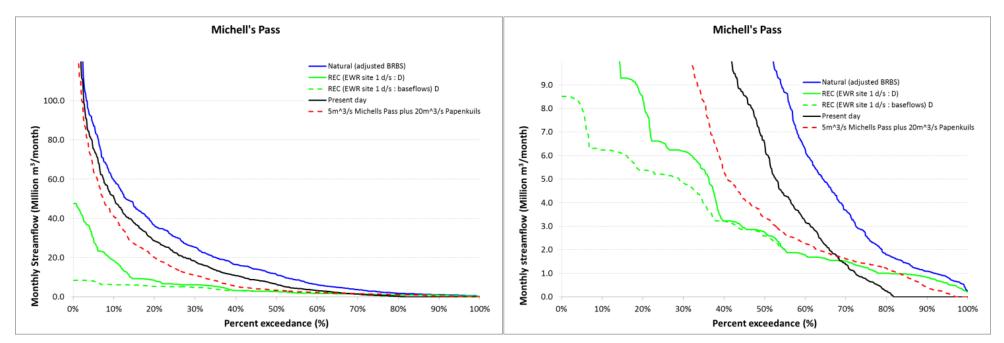


Figure A3: Annual stream flow shortfalls at Michells Pass relative to total EWR

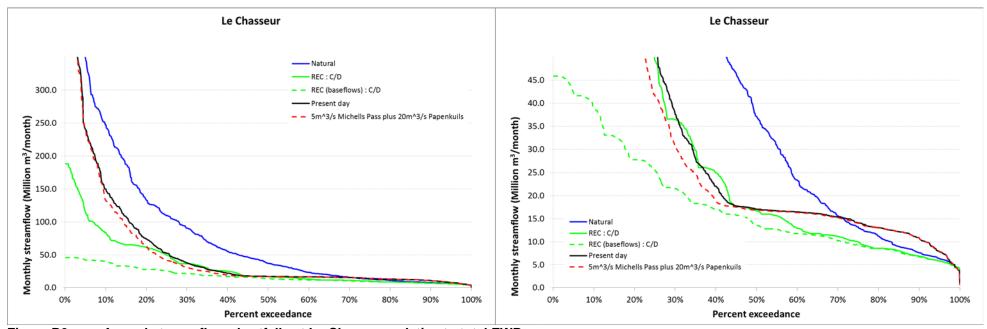


Figure B3: Annual stream flow shortfalls at Le Chasseur relative to total EWR

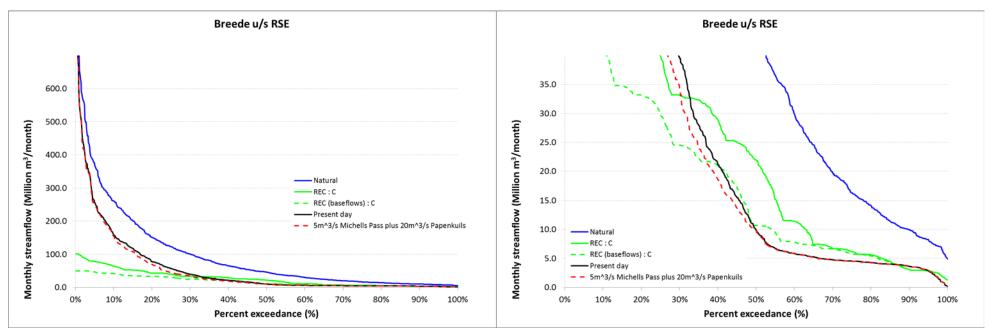


Figure C3: Annual stream flow shortfalls upstream of the Riviersonderend confluence relative to total EWR

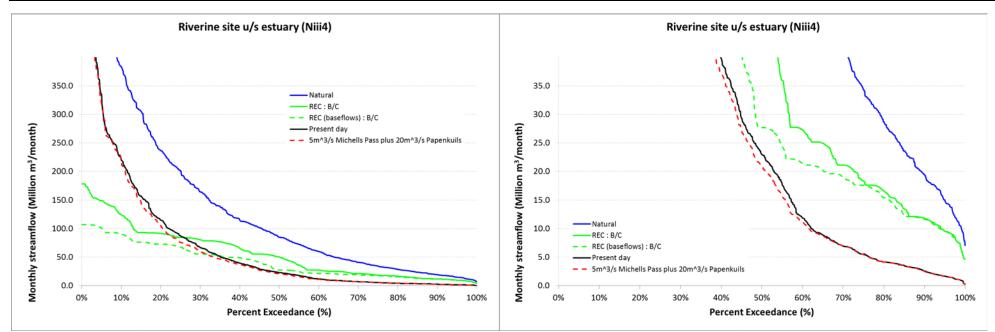


Figure D3: Annual stream flow shortfalls upstream of Estuary relative to total EWR

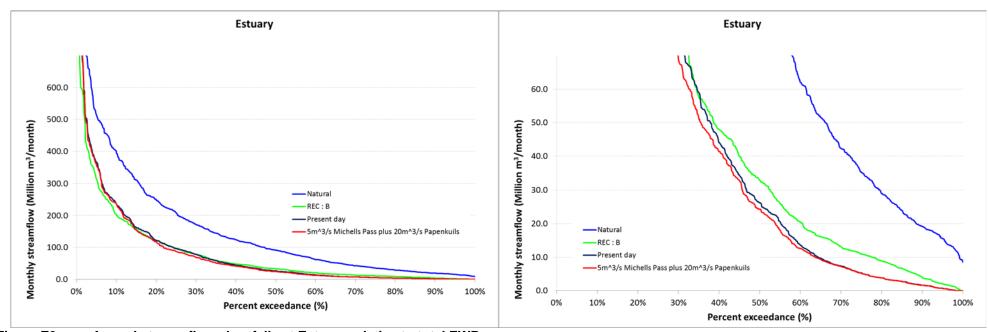


Figure E3: Annual stream flow shortfalls at Estuary relative to total EWR

Figures A4 to D4 show the same information as shown in the Figures above but to a much coarser scale which masks some of the features previously described.

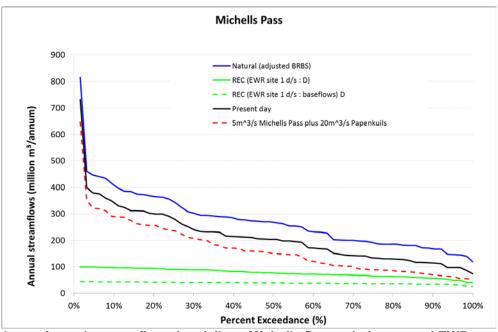


Figure A4: Annual stream flow shortfalls at Michells Pass relative to total EWR

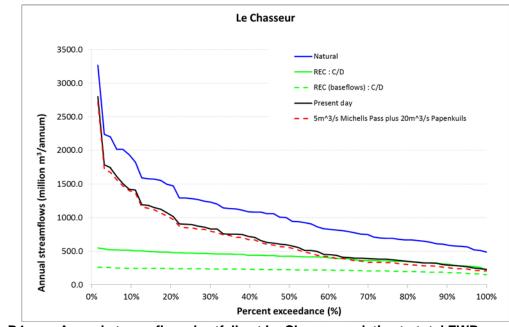


Figure B4: Annual stream flow shortfalls at Le Chasseur relative to total EWR



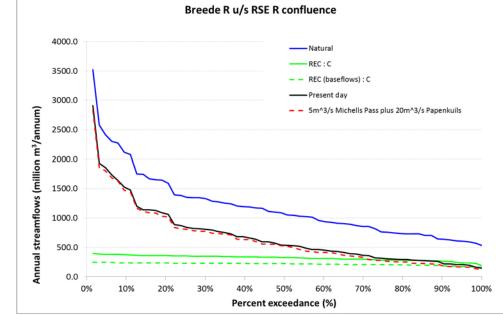
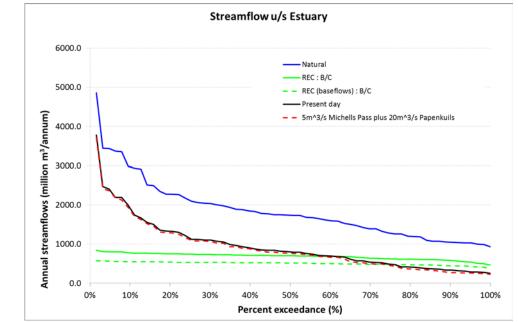
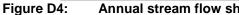


Figure C4: Annual stream flow shortfalls upstream of Riviersonderend Breede confluence relative to total EWR





Annual stream flow shortfalls upstream of Estuary relative to total EWR

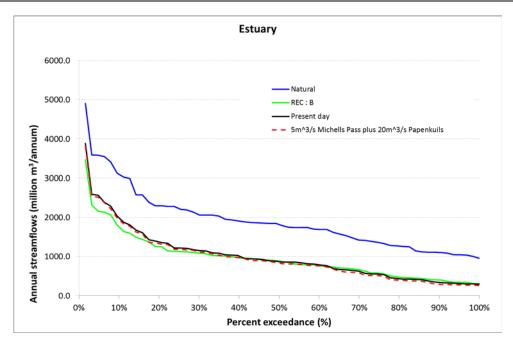


Figure E4: Annual stream flow shortfalls at Estuary relative to total EWR